- (b) The related transaction form and its serial number;
- (c) The producer or rectifier (processor) of the spirits, and his name, address, and plant registration number; and
 - (d) For each package, the:
- (1) Package identification or serial number:
 - (2) Kind of spirits;
 - (3) Gross weight;
 - (4) Tare:
 - (5) Net weight;
 - (6) Proof gallons; and
 - (7) Proof.

(Approved by the Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0250)

[T.D. ATF-198, 50 FR 8551, Mar. 1, 1985]

§ 26.165 Certificate of effective tax rate computation.

- (a) Where distilled spirits of Puerto Rican manufacture which contain eligible wine or eligible flavors are to be tax determined for shipment to the United States or are to be shipped to the United States without payment of tax for transfer from customs custody to ATF bond, the consignor shall prepare a certificate of effective tax rate computation showing the:
- (1) The serial number of ATF Form 5110.31 or 5110.51;
- (2) Elements necessary to compute the effective tax rate in accordance with §26.79a as follows—
- (i) Proof gallons of distilled spirits (exclusive of distilled spirits derived from eligible flavors);
- (ii) Wine gallons of each eligible wine and the percentage of alcohol by volume of each; and
- (iii) Proof gallons of distilled spirits derived from each eligible flavor;
- (3) Date of the statement of eligibility for each eligible flavor (see §26.50a).
- (4) Effective tax rate applied to the product.
- (5) Signature and title of the consignor.
- (b) If the spirits are tax determined for shipment to the United States, the proprietor shall retain the certificate for a period of not less than three years after the last tax determination to which the certificate is applicable. If the spirits are shipped to the United States for transfer from Customs cus-

tody to the bonded premises of a distilled spirits plant, the proprietor shall forward the original to the consignee distilled spirits plant in the United States and retain a copy for his files.

(Approved by Office of Management and Budget under control number 1512–0203)

(Sec. 201, Pub. L. 85–859, 72 Stat. 1366, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5232); Sec. 6, Pub. L. 96–598, 94 Stat. 3488, as amended (26 U.S.C. 5010))

[T.D. ATF-297, 55 FR 18067, Apr. 30, 1990. Redesignated and amended by T.D. ATF-459, 66 FR 38550, 38552, July 25, 2001]

Subpart I—Claims for Drawback on Eligible Articles From Puerto Rico

SOURCE: T.D. ATF-263, 52 FR 46594, Dec. 9, 1987, unless otherwise noted.

§ 26.170 Drawback of tax.

Any person who brings eligible articles into the United States from Puerto Rico may claim drawback of the distilled spirits excise taxes paid on such articles as provided in this subpart.

§26.171 Special tax.

Any person filing claim for drawback of tax on eligible articles brought into the United States from Puerto Rico shall pay special tax as required by 26 U.S.C. 5131. For purposes of special tax, subparts C and D of part 17 of this chapter shall apply as if the use and tax determination occurred in the United States at the time the article was brought into the United States and, each business location from which entry of eligible articles is caused or effected shall be treated as a place of manufacture. If special tax is paid for any such business location under part 197 of this chapter, as a place where nonbeverage products are manufactured for purposes of drawback, then no additional special tax need be paid for that location under this section.

[T.D. ATF-263, 52 FR 46594, Dec. 9, 1987, as amended by T.D. ATF-271, 53 FR 17559, May 17, 1988; T.D. ATF-379, 61 FR 31427, June 20, 19961

§ 26.172 Bonds.

(a) General. Persons bringing eligible articles into the United States from Puerto Rico and intending to file